(XLVIIth YEAR.) THE (No. 2354.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1792.

By the HOUSE of DELEGATES, December, 26, 1791.

On motion, ORDERED, That the several bills prosesed by the committee appointed to consider what alterations of the constitution and form of government are necessary, be referred to the consideration of the next session of assembly, and that the same be published in the Maryland Gazette, Baltimore Journal, Frederick and George-town papers, and the Maryland Herald, for the consideration of the people.

By order,

W. HARWOOD, Clk.

[*Concluded from our last.*]

An ACT to alter and amend the constitution and form of government as to the filling up vacancies in the senate, and to allow the senate to amend money bills.

BE IT ENACTED, *by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That in case any vacancy shall hereafter happen in the senate by the refusal to act, death, resignation, disqualification, or removal out of this state, by any person elected a member of the senate, the same shall be filled up, if it shall happen during the recess of the general assembly, within one week after the meeting thereof, and, if during the session, it shall be filled up within one week after such vacancy shall happen, in manner following, to wit: the house of delegates shall, by ballot, appoint nine of their body then present, and the said nine, or a majority of them, shall, by ballot, nominate to the senate three qualified persons, and out of such nomination the senate shall elect one person, by ballot, to fill the vacancy for the residue of the five years; and that the senate shall have power to propose amendments to all money bills. And if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly after the next election of delegates in the first session after such new election, according to the constitution, that in such case this alteration and amendment of the constitution and form of government shall constitute and be valid as part thereof, and every thing therein contained repugnant to, or inconsistent with, this alteration and amendment, shall be repealed and abolished.

An ACT to alter and amend the constitution and form of government as to the election of members to the house of delegates.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That elections for delegates shall be held on the first Monday in October in every second year, and not otherwise; and the legislature may, from time to time, direct by law in what manner other than by oath or affirmation, the qualifications of candidates and voters shall be ascertained, and may make such regulations as may effectually preserve the most perfect freedom and fairness at elections. And if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly after the next election of delegates in their first session after such new election, according to the constitution and form of government, that in such case this alteration and amendment of the constitution and form of government shall constitute and be valid as part thereof, and every thing therein contained repugnant to, or inconsistent with, this alteration and amendment, shall be repealed and abolished.

An ACT to alter the constitution and form of government as to the election of governor.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the governor shall be elected by the electors of the senate when assembled to elect senators in the year seventeen hundred and ninety-six, and for ever thereafter by the electors of the senate when so assembled; and the said election of governor shall be made in the same manner as the election of senators; and no person shall be capable of serving as governor longer than ten years successively. And if any person elected governor shall refuse to act, die, resign, be disqualified, or remove out of the state, the first named of the council shall qualify and act, and call the general assembly as the constitution directs, and the vacancy shall be supplied and filled as follows; the house of delegates shall, by ballot, appoint nine of their body then present, and the said nine, or a majority of them, shall, by ballot, nominate to the senate three qualified persons, and out of that nomination the senate shall elect one person by ballot to fill the vacancy for the residue of the five years. And if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly after the next election of delegates in the first session after such new election, according to the constitution and form of government, that in such case this alteration and amendment of the constitution and form of government shall constitute and be valid as part thereof, and every thing therein contained repugnant to, or inconsistent with, this alteration and amendment, shall be repealed and abolished.

An ACT to alter and amend the constitution and form of government as to the council.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the council shall consist of three members, and be elected by the electors of the senate when assembled to elect senators in the year seventeen hundred and ninety-six, and for ever thereafter by the electors of the senate when so assembled; and the said election of the council shall be made in the same manner as the election of senators; and no person shall be capable of acting as a member of the council longer than ten years successively; and if any person elected a member of the council shall refuse to act, die, resign, or remove out of the state, during the recess of the general assembly, such vacancy shall be filled up by the members of the council in the manner prescribed by the constitution and form of government, until the next meeting of the general assembly, and in the first week of the session the said vacancy shall be supplied as follows, to wit: the house of delegates shall, by ballot, appoint nine of their body then present, and the said nine, or a majority of them, shall, by ballot, nominate to the senate three qualified persons, and out of such nomination the senate shall elect one person by ballot to fill the vacancy for the residue of the five years; and if any member of the council, or the person so elected, shall refuse to act, die, resign, or remove out of the state, during the sitting of the general assembly, such vacancy shall be filled up in like manner; and if during the recess of the general assembly, such vacancy shall be filled up by the members of the council in the manner directed by the constitution and form of government, until the next meeting of the general assembly, and in such case the said vacancy shall be filled up in manner aforesaid, and so toties quoties whenever a vacancy shall happen, it shall be filled up as herein before directed. And if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly after the next election of delegates in their first session after such new election, according to the constitution and form of government, that in such case this alteration and amendment of the constitution and form of government shall constitute and be valid as part thereof, and every thing therein contained repugnant to, or inconsistent with, this alteration and amendment, shall be repealed and abolished.

An ACT directing the mode of appointing the officers therein mentioned.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That all military, naval, militia, and civil officers, (except only the auditor of the public accounts, commissioners, and collectors of the public taxes, the treasurers, the registers of wills, the register of the chancery court, the clerks of the court of appeals, general and county courts, the prosecutors of prelentments and indictments in the county courts, constables, and overseers or commissioners of the roads, or of the poor, all of whom shall be appointed as directed by the constitution, acts of assembly, and as herein after provided) shall be appointed as follows; the council shall, by ballot, nominate to the governor two persons, or three if so required by him, whom they in their judgment and conscience believe best qualified for the office to which they are nominated; and the governor shall, after five and within ten days thereafter, appoint and commission one of the persons so nominated; and the governor may suspend or remove any civil officer, who has not a commission during good behaviour, and may suspend any militia officer for one month, and may also suspend or remove any militia officer in pursuance of the sentence of a court-martial. All civil officers of the appointment of the governor (except only the chancellor and all judges) shall hold their commissions during pleasure; and the salaries to the governor and the council, and to the chancellor and judges, as ascertained by law, shall not be diminished during their continuance in office; and any chancellor or judge shall be removed by the governor for misbehaviour in office on conviction in a court of law, or upon the address of the general assembly, provided two thirds of all the members of each house concur therein. And if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly after the next election of delegates in their first session after such new election, according to the constitution and form of government, that in such case this alteration and amendment of the constitution and form of government shall constitute and be valid as part thereof, and every thing therein contained repugnant to, or inconsistent with, this alteration and amendment, shall be repealed and abolished.

An ACT to repeal the forty-second section of the constitution and form of government.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the forty-second section of the constitution and form of government be repealed and abolished.

An ACT concerning sheriffs.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That sheriffs shall be appointed annually in the month of December, and no person shall be capable of holding the office of sheriff, or of receiving the profits thereof, longer than four years successively; and no sheriff shall hold any other office at the same time; and the legislature may, from time to time, regulate the office of sheriff, and require indubitable and ample security to be given for the faithful performance of all the duties of his office. And if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly after the next election of delegates in their first session after such new election, according to the constitution and form of government, that in such case this alteration and amendment of the constitution and form of government shall constitute and be valid as part thereof, and every thing therein contained repugnant to, or inconsistent with, this alteration and amendment, shall be repealed and abolished.

An ACT to secure the trial by jury in civil cases.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That the legislature shall never erect any summary jurisdiction for the trial of any fact in any civil case without a jury, except only in cases of small debts, or trivial wrongs, not exceeding the sum or value of seven pounds ten shillings current money of this state, or twenty dollars of the United States, or fines, forfeitures, or penalties, not exceeding in value that sum, but the legislature may amend any defects in the trial by jury in civil cases; provided, that no verdict shall be made lawful unless given by three fourths, at least, or more, of the jury.

An ACT to repeal such parts of the constitution and form of government as require the qualification of property for the governor and others.

BE it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland, That such parts of the constitution and form of government as require the qualification of property for a person to be elected governor, member of the council, senator, elector of the senate, or delegate, be repealed and abolished. And if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly after the next election of delegates in the first session after such new election, according to the constitution, that in such case this alteration and amendment of the constitution and form of government shall constitute and be valid as part thereof, and every thing therein contained repugnant to, or inconsistent with, this alteration and amendment, shall be repealed and abolished.

An ACT to prohibit the calling of conventions to alter the constitution and form of government, unless with the consent of the legislature.

BE it enacted, the by General Assembly of Maryland, That no convention of the people, to change or alter the constitution and form of government, or the declaration of rights, shall be called, unless with the concurrence of at least two thirds of all the members of both branches of the legislature. And if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly after the next election of delegates in the first session after such new election, according to the constitution, that in such case this alteration and amendment of the constitution and form of government shall constitute and be valid as part thereof, and every thing therein contained repugnant to, or inconsistent with, this alteration and amendment, shall be repealed and abolished.

STOCKHOLM, *November* 1.

WE are assured, that immediately after the ratification of the defensive treaty of alliance between our court and that of Russia, they will endeavour to effect a treaty of commerce between those two kingdoms, and that count de Stackelberg will then appear in the character of ambassador from the court of Petersburgh.

TURIN, *October* 19.

An uncommon rain, which fell incessantly during seven days, in Sardinia and Piedmont, has forced all the rivers from their beds, and overflowed the whole country.

Roads, bridges, fields, gardens and houses have sustained considerable damage by their inundations.

On the 16th instant, the king came from Moncalieri to Turin, where he summoned all his counsellors to consult them how to act with regard to France, since Louis XVI. has accepted the new constitution.

By our accounts from the territories of the Pope, a very violent shock of an earthquake has been felt on the 14th instant, at Spoleto, Tolentino, and the adjacent places.

All the buildings were terribly shaken and more or less damaged, especially at Spoletto.

The inhabitants were still more terrified on the 14th and 20th, when several shocks, though less violent, succeeded the former.

MADRID, *November* 1.

The treaty concluded with Muley Aly, king of Morocco, has been of so long duration, he having re-

commenced hoſtilities. His aim, in agreeing to a ſuſpenſion of them, was only to obtain time to put a ſtop to the deſigns of his brother, who, at the head of an army, had ſeized on the treaſures of the king of Morocco.

LONDON, *December* 10.

On Tueſday evening, about eight o'clock, the following ludicrous robbery was committed in Mount-ſtreet, Groveſnor-ſquare: Mr. Bate, of Albemarle-ſtreet, paſſing along with his ſnuff box in his hand, was requeſted by a man on horſeback, then converſing with another upon the pavement, to afford him a pinch. He immediately delivered him his box, which was as readily rode off with by this familiar ſnuff-taker.

The accounts of the inoculation in Siberia and northwards from thence through all the Ruſſian dominions to Kamſchatka, are moſt favourable: Out of more than forty thouſand perſons, not quite three hundred have died. What is extraordinary, they have inoculated perſons of fourſcore years of age: Women alſo near the time of lying in have been inoculated with ſucceſs, and the infants born with the eruption have done well. The mode practiſed in that country is a ſlight puncture of an injected lancet in the arm, and they make no change of diet, and live a great deal in the air.

BOSTON, *February* 1.

Extract of a letter from Cape-François, dated December 5, 1791.

"The long expected commiſſioners have at laſt arrived from France.

"The negroes are not at preſent ſo troubleſome as they have been; 200 returned to their employment laſt week, and delivered ſeveral pieces of cannon they had in their poſſeſſion—ſo it is hoped in a ſhort time peace and quietneſs will once more take place in this unhappy colony.

"It is a moſt remarkably ſickly ſeaſon; there have been for a few days paſt, upon an average, from thirty to forty people buried in this Cape, daily."

NEW-LONDON, *February* 2.

On Tueſday night the 24th ult. the dwelling houſe of Mr. Amos Ranſom, in Eaſt-Haddam, was conſumed by fire.—About 12 o'clock in the night Mrs. Ranſom awoke and alarmed her huſband; and there being no other man in the houſe, he immediately run to a work-ſhop a few rods diſtant, where two of his apprentices lodged, to alarm them; in the mean time Mrs. Ranſom went to look for the children:—on Mr. Ranſom's return he found his wife and a child ſuffocated and motionleſs, lying on the kitchen floor, ſurrounded by the flames, and at the greateſt riſque of his life drew them out; but his daughter about ſeven years old, who was aſleep in the chamber, was conſumed with the houſe.—Not an article of cloathing or furniture was ſaved.—The houſe was new, the lower part of it only was finiſhed.—It was all the property Mr. Ranſom was poſſeſſed of.—There was in the houſe about 600l. in Engliſh goods, the property of Meſſrs. Whalley and Woodham of this city, which were all conſumed. Mr. Reuben Champion, whoſe family improved a part of the houſe, was a conſiderable ſufferer, he being from home.

HARTFORD, *February* 6.

The following curious fact in natural hiſtory deſerves obſervation. Within two or three years paſt a new ſpecies of rabbits has made its appearance in Connecticut. They are almoſt perfectly white, and their ſize is nearly double to that of grey rabbits; their legs are longer and their fur finer. Multitudes of their ſkins are every day brought to market in Hartford, where they command a higher price than thoſe of the common rabbit. We cannot learn that they were ever ſeen in this country, till within a very few years. But they are now in great plenty, in various parts of the country, and are taken with great eaſe. It is not certain whether they retain the ſame colour in the ſummer; but ſome facts render it probable they do not. It is requeſted that people in various parts of the country would collect the moſt important facts reſpecting this ſingular phœnomenon, ſuch as the time of their appearance, the rapidity of their multiplication, their change of colour, &c. and publiſh them for the information of the curious.

NEW-HAVEN, *February* 1.

Sunday morning laſt, about two o'clock, the printing-office in Middletown was deſtroyed by fire, and ſcarce an article therein ſaved, the flames having got to a great head before diſcovered. Colonel Philips's dwelling houſe, ſituated within a few feet of the office, was greatly expoſed, but by the ſpirited exertions of the citizens, was happily preſerved. By what accident this diſaſtrous event took place, we do not learn.

PITTSBURGH, *February* 4.

By the arrival of a gentleman at this place immediately from Kentucky, we are favoured with the following intelligence, viz.

That juſt before he left the Falls of Ohio, an expreſs had paſſed along his way to Fort Waſhington, with diſpatches from the commandant at Poſt Vincennes for the governor, the purport of which was, that he had ſent a Frenchman and an Indian acroſs the Miami towns with ſome diſpatches, in hopes of finding our army there; that on their arrival they found the towns deſerted, except by a few women; that for fear of being diſcovered they buried their diſpatches, and then proceeded to meet our army, but had not gone more than five or ſix miles before they met a party of 30 Indians returning with their ſhare of the plunder, one of them had 127 ſcalps ſtrung on a pole, the reſt were heavily loaded with different articles, and they had three pack-horſes loaded with kegs of wine, &c. the Indians immediately accuſed them of being ſpies, but on making inquiry and examining them very minutely, believed them friends; they were then obliged to return with them to the towns, and the Indians gave them a full account of this battle (which agrees with the account heretofore publiſhed) except that only 1200 Indians were in the engagement, and that theſe were Miamies and Indians from the Lakes; that 600 arrived the day after the battle, and 300 were out hunting to ſupply the reſt, which was their whole force; that a diſpute aroſe about dividing the plunder between them and the Lake Indians, the latter wiſhing to have that of the ſmalleſt bulk and eaſieſt carriage, as they had a great ways to go; but the former refuſed, this greatly enraged the Lake Indians, who began to uſe the tomahawk, but did not do much damage, however they went of much diſſatisfied, determined never again to come to the aſſiſtance of the Miamies let the conſequences be what they would; and that only 56 Indians were killed.—After giving them this information, they were permitted to proceed homewards with the promiſe of ſending them a trader, (which was the buſineſs they were upon) as they had as much plunder as would amply do them all winter.

We are alſo informed, that an expedition conſiſting of 500 men, on horſeback, was to go from Kentucky the beginning of January, againſt the Miami towns, and from the enterpriſing ſpirit of the Kentuckians, we flatter ourſelves theſe towns are laid in aſhes before now. There is no doubt but this expedition has taken place, as our informant had the information from a perſon that may be depended on.

It is with pleaſure we inform the public, that letters are received in town, from Fort Waſhington, which contain the very agreeable news of the recovery of colonel George Gibſon, of the 2d regiment levies—the ſurgeon who attends him has pronounced him out of danger, his appetite had returned, and he was able to ſit up and write a letter to his brother.

The ſame letters, we are ſorry to add, contain the melancholy account of the death of captain Darke, a promiſing young man, and ſon of colonel W. Darke, of the 1ſt regiment levies. In the late action captain Darke was ſhot through the head, and after great fatigue got into Fort Jefferſon, where, receiving but indifferent attendance, he died, after lingering ſome weeks.

CARLISLE, *February* 8.

On Friday laſt the following melancholy accident happened in Eaſt Pennſborough townſhip, on Mr. George Fridley's plantation. Two young men (one a ſon of Mr. Fridley, and the other a ſon of Mr. Leonard Fiſher, in ſaid townſhip) in digging a well, in which they had entered 30 feet, where they came to a rock, and were endeavouring to blow it, when a rock above (which on their firſt entrance projected a little, and occaſioned them to proceed from thence in an oblique direction) gave way and cloſed them in. their friends, with the aſſiſtance of a great number of the neighbours, have been labouring to get them out; and by Sunday laſt cleared ſo far as to ſee one of the young men, ſuppoſed to be Fiſher, lying on his face, and a rock of about five tuns weight lying acroſs his back; the other, it is ſaid, has been felt—both lifeleſs—and by a perſon who came from the place on Monday laſt, we are informed all hopes of their being got out was partly gave over.

PHILADELPHIA, *February* 13.

By the laſt packet, letters were received from Mr. Wignell, who gives the moſt favourable accounts of his ſucceſs in obtaining performers for the New Theatre in this city. Artiſts of the firſt reputation have alſo undertaken to ſupply him with plans and draughts (which will probably arrive by the next veſſel) for the building, ſcenery and decorations. The materials are already beſpoke and part of them depoſited on the lot adjoining to general Dickinſon's houſe, in Cheſnut-ſtreet. The ſubſcribers to this undertaking and the public in general, may, therefore expect, during the enſuing winter to ſee the drama in a more perfect ſtate than has hitherto been known in America.

Extract of a letter from Port-au-Prince, via New-York, dated January 11.

"This has been a moſt ſhocking place, but now ſeems to mend a little. In the courſe of the diſputes ſeveral perſons have been taken before the municipality, who ordered them to priſon, there to await their trial; but the mob broke open the jail, took out the poor unfortunate men, and hung them up in the moſt brutal manner. One of them was Mr. Vedo a baker.

"Having arrived off this harbour, I was not permitted to depart. There is no buſineſs in this place for private bakers, almoſt every one, men, women and children, drawing rations out of the public ſtores.

"Several veſſels here laden with flour, have not broke bulk. Since I have been here, which was four weeks yeſterday, no body was permitted to go out of town without a paſs, which has not been given until within theſe few days.

"We are in daily expectation of the troops arriving from France; but fear that as ſoon as they arrive the plains will be burnt by the mulattoes, who have already burnt ſeveral plantations on the ſouth ſide, between this and Leogane.

"We are in a complete priſon here, having poſſeſſion of the town only. Produce ſcarce and high."

Authentic extract of a letter from a gentleman of the beſt information at Havre, dated October 15.

"Our harveſt has not turned out quite ſo well as laſt year. We ſhall be in want, not here but at Nantes, Bourdeaux, and Bayonne. Thoſe provinces muſt depend upon ſtrangers for ſupplies, for the more fertile parts of France have not yet an idea of ſecuring thoſe of a country deſcription, and if they had, the means of tranſmitting their produce are obſtructed. About fifteen days ſince the Engliſh opened their ſea-ports to us, notwithſtanding which I have reaſon to think that the inhabitants of the United States will not be diſappointed of a good market in ſending their grain to the above mentioned ports."

Another letter from the ſame gentleman dated October 27, mentions as follows: "Virginia tobacco is ſelling from 34 to 40 livres per cwt. This is reckoned a good price."

BALTIMORE, *February* 16.

From the Paſowmack Guardian, &c. printed at Shepherd's-town, of the 7th inſtant, we have extracted the following information—

Laſt Sunday evening came to this town, a young man from Cat-Fiſh, which he left about two weeks ago, and who gave us the following pleaſing, intereſting, and important intelligence, viz.—That two days before he left Cat-Fiſh, two men arrived there from Licking, who informed that they had been out with a body of 1300 volunteers on horſeback from Kentucky, under general Scott—that they left Licking on the expedition a few days before Chriſtmas—that general Scott diſpatched three ſpies in advance, who, when they arrived about 13 miles beyond the ſpot where general St. Clair was defeated, they diſcovered a large body of Indians, diverting and enjoying themſelves with the plunder they had taken, riding the bullocks, dancing, &c. and appeared to be mоſtly drunk—that on this information being given to general Scott, who, with the main body, were a few miles in the rear, he divided them in three diviſions, advanced, and fell on the enemy by ſurpriſe—that the conteſt was ſhort but victorious on the ſide of the volunteers, 700 of the enemy being killed on the ſpot, all the cannon and ſtores in their poſſeſſion retaken, and the remainder of the ſavage body put to flight—that general Scott, having loſt but ſix men, returned to Licking in triumph, with moſt of the cattle, ſtores, &c. leaving the cannon at Fort Jefferſon.—That general Scott had previouſly gone out with 400 men, but finding his number inſufficient, was returning, but met a body of 900 volunteers, who upon joining him, he immediately proceeded in proſecution of his original deſign, which fortunately proved ſucceſsful.

Our informant further adds, that he ſaw a Kentucky news-paper of the 8th of January, at Morgantown, brought by major Reed, containing the account of general Scott's expedition, which correſponded with that given by the two men at Cat-Fiſh, and that general Scott brought in near 700 ſcalps.

What the plan of our future military operations will be, time will diſcloſe—but we may juſtly expect, that guided by experience, government will adopt the moſt œconomical plan, by making the moſt ample proviſion for the effective defence of the frontiers.

ANNAPOLIS, *February* 23.

On Wedneſday the 15th inſtant, Mr. Patti-ſon's PROPERTY LOTTERY, was drawn in this city under the direction of the managers; the liſt of prizes will appear in our next.

By his EXCELLENCY

James Brice, Eſquire,

GOVERNOR OF MARYLAND.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it is provided by the thirty-ſecond article of the conſtitution and form of government, "That upon the death, reſignation, or removal out of this ſtate, of the governor, the firſt named of the council, for the time being, ſhall act as governor, and qualify in the ſame manner, and ſhall immediately call a meeting of the general aſſembly, giving not leſs than fourteen days notice of the meeting, at which meeting a governor ſhall be appointed in manner aforeſaid for the reſidue of the year." And whereas his excellency GEORGE PLATER, Eſquire, late governor of this ſtate, departed this life on Friday the tenth inſtant, I have therefore, in virtue of the above power and directions, appointed Monday the ſecond day of April next for the meeting and holding of the general aſſembly of this ſtate, of which the ſeveral ſheriffs are hereby enjoined to give public and due notice.

GIVEN at the city of Annapolis, under the ſeal of the ſtate of Maryland, this fifteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thouſand ſeven hundred and ninety-two.

JAMES BRICE.

By his excellency's command,
T. JOHNSON, junior, ſec.

GOD SAVE THE STATE.

AGREEABLY to an order of the orphan's court of Charles county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, for READY MONEY, on the third Monday in March next, in Port-Tobacco, about SIXTY HOGSHEADS of INSPECTED TOBACCO.

JOHN FORBES, Attorney for
ELIZABETH RIDGATE, Adminiſtratrix of
Thomas Howe Ridgate.

February 12, 1792.

TO BE RENTED,

THE HOUSE in this city, where the ſubſcriber now lives.

I. H. STONE.

Annapolis, January 31, 1792.

Public Lands for Sale.

WHEREAS the general assembly of Maryland did, at their last session, authorise and direct the governor and council to appoint a person to dispose of their lands to the westward of Fort Cumberland, either at public or private sale, as might appear to be most advantageous, and that the honourable board have appointed me for that purpose; I do therefore give this notice, that I shall commence a sale, at public auction, of the aforesaid LANDS, on the 10th day of next April, at the town of Washington, in Allegany county, on the following terms, viz. the purchaser to give bond with approved security for the amount of their purchase, payable in specie, one third thereof, with interest on the whole sum, on the first day of next September, one other third thereof, with interest on the remaining two thirds, on the first day of September, 1793, and the other remaining one third, with interest thereon, on the first day of September, 1794.

MOUNTJOY BAYLY.

Frederick county, February 14, 1792.

NOTICE.

To be SOLD, on the 15th of March next, at the dwelling place of the late ROBERT WHITAKER, near Upper Marlborough, Prince-George's county.

ALL the personal estate of the said ROBERT WHITAKER, consisting of negroes, (men, women and children,) horses, mules, cattle, and hogs, plantation utensils, and household furniture. Twelve months credit on giving bond with approved security.

MARGERY WHITAKER, Administratrix.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the justices of Anne Arundel county, at the ensuing April court, to issue a commission for establishing the bounds and lines of the following tracts of land, situated in the county aforesaid, viz. POPLAR KNOWLES, BROWNTON, and the FAVOUR, agreeable to an act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

JOHN GALLOWAY.

February 28, 1792.

Anne-Arundel county, February 14, 1792.

Pursuant to a decree of the honourable the chancellor of the state of Maryland, notice is hereby given, that the subscriber will, on Friday the ninth day of March next, SELL, at PUBLIC VENDUE, THE real estate of the late LUKE WARFIELD, junior, deceased, consisting of parts of two tracts of LAND, viz. part of WARFIELD'S FOREST, 145 acres, and part of OWENS'S RANGE, 52 acres, adjoining each other; this land is very level, and capable of improvement, and is adapted to planting and farming; there are on the premises, a dwelling house, and some other houses and improvements. The sale will be at the subscriber's dwelling house, and the terms as follow: the purchaser may pay down the money, or give bond with approved security, to pay one half with interest within nine months, and the residue with interest within fifteen months from the time of sale. Any person inclinable to purchase may view the land on application to Mr. JOHN WARFIELD, living on the premises. If the weather should prove bad, the sale will be made on the first fair day after the ninth of March.

2 HENRY BALDWIN, Trustee.

By virtue of a writ of *fieri facias* to me directed from the general court, will be SOLD, on Tuesday the 13th of March next, on the premises, near Pig-Point,

A TRACT of LAND, containing about 122 acres, called BRASHEAR'S PURCHASE, some STOCK, and a quantity of TOBACCO; taken as the property of JONATHAN BRASHEARS, and sold to satisfy a debt due John and Richard Brown, executors of John Brown.

WILLIAM GOLDSMITH, Sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

February 14, 1792. 2

Annapolis, February 14, 1792.

Notice is hereby given, that on Tuesday the 13th of March, if fair, if not the next fair day, will be EXPOSED to SALE, for READY CASH only, ALL the GOODS and CHATTELS of JANE HEWITT, late of this city, deceased.

All persons having claims against the said estate are requested to bring them in properly attested before the day of sale.

2 THOMAS W. HEWITT, Executor,
ELENORA HEWITT, Executrix.

CAME to the subscriber's plantation, a dark brown MARE, seven or eight years old, about fourteen and an half hands high, a natural pacer, has a slip on her nose, no perceivable brand, switch tail and mane. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges, and take her away.

RICHARD LAURENCE.

February 4, 1792. 2

Bank of Maryland.

THE stockholders in the BANK of MARYLAND are hereby notified, that agreeably to charter an election for twelve DIRECTORS for the ensuing year will be held at Mr. Grant's Fountain Inn, on Wednesday the 7th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

By order of the president and directors,

EBENEZER MACKIE, Cashier.

A TUTOR.

A SINGLE man who can be well recommended, and is capable of initiating youth in the subsequent useful and necessary branches of literature, viz.

ENGLISH, grammatically,
WRITING, in all its useful hands,
ARITHMETIC, vulgar and decimal, &c. &c.

Would engage for one or more years upon very reasonable terms, as a public or private tutor, with any gentleman who will advance the advertiser £10, for which he will give bond. Any gentleman whom this may suit, on application to the printer hereof, will be fully satisfied in every essential particular.

January 13, 1792. 2

WE, the subscribers, hereby give notice, that we shall apply by petition to Anne-Arundel county court, in April next, for a commission to mark and establish the lines and bounds of the following tracts of LAND, to wit: a tract of land called HUNTINGTON QUARTER, and the resurveys made on the same, which are also called HUNTINGTON QUARTER; one other tract of land called HOWARD'S LUCK, and one other tract called HARRISON'S BEGINNING, according to the directions of an act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding of land, all of which lands are situate in the county aforesaid.

NICHOLAS DORSEY, senior,
THOMAS SNOWDEN,
JOHN WORTHINGTON,
HENRY RIDGELY.

3

THE subscriber intends to present a petition to the justices of Charles county court, at next April term, for a commission to establish the bounds and lines of two tracts or parcels of LAND, situate on the Patowmack river, in said county, called BRANDT'S ADDITION, and HALLET and GORDON DISAPPOINTED, agreeably to an act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding of land.

3 RICHARD BRANDT.

Baltimore-town, Maryland, January 5, 1792.

NOTICE is hereby given, that we are ready to receive subscriptions at our respective houses for shares in the Maryland Insurance Fire Company, in virtue of, and agreeably to, an act of assembly of the state of Maryland, entitled, An act to erect and establish an insurance fire-company in Baltimore-town, in Baltimore county, and for other purposes.

JOHN MERRYMAN,
NICHOLAS ROGERS,
GEO. SALMON,
JAMES CALHOUN,
Wm. BUCHANAN, of George.

6

Annapolis, January 1, 1792.

At a meeting of the VISITORS and GOVERNORS of ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE, in the state of Maryland, on Thursday the 10th of November last,

RESOLVED,

THAT this board, at the quarterly meeting in May next, proceed to elect a VICE-PRINCIPAL of St. John's College.

That it be the duty of the principal and vice-principal to teach some of the higher authors in Latin and Greek, certain parts of the mathematics, logic, and moral and natural philosophy; and that the departments of the said principal and vice-principal shall hereafter be ascertained with precision, on consideration of their mutual convenience and qualifications.

That the vice-principal shall be entitled to receive, for his services, a salary of three hundred and fifty pounds current money, rating dollars at 7/6 each, to be paid quarterly.

That persons desirous of, and qualified for, the office of vice-principal, be, by public advertisement, requested to make application to Mr. Charles Wallace, Mr. Charles Carroll, of Carrollton, and Mr. Alexander Contee Hanson, all of the city of Annapolis.

By order of the Board,

JOHN THOMAS, President.

N. B. The fundamental laws of St. John's college prohibit all preference on account of religious tenets or opinions.

As the appointment of a vice-principal is alone wanted to complete the plan of this rising seminary, the board will certainly proceed, at the time stated, to an election, provided a person qualified, in their judgment, for this important office, can be procured. The personal attendance of the candidates, although not positively required, will be obviously proper.

It may be useful to remark, that the salaries of all the professors and teachers have hitherto been paid with entire punctuality, and that the funds of St. John's college produce a certain annual income superior to all the appropriations which have been or probably will be made.

7

The Printers of news-papers throughout the United States are earnestly requested to insert the above resolve and remarks, and to repeat the publication as often as convenience will permit.

FOR SALE,

A TRACT of LAND, containing betwixt two and three hundred acres, in Prince-George's county, on the east side of the Eastern Branch, about four miles from the federal city, and the same distance from Bladensburg; there is a good meadow on it, and some houses. Application may be made to Mr. RICHARD PONSONBY, in Bladensburg, or to the subscriber, in Piscataway. tf

ALEXANDER HAMILTON.

November 23, 1791. 13

THE subscribers will give a generous price (in goods) for soldiers LOTS, lying in the state of Maryland, or will give in exchange for them a small tract of well improved land, of about one hundred and twenty acres, lying in Montgomery, about twelve miles from the federal city.

EDWARD and MORDECAI HALL.

West river, January 27, 1792. 3

NEW LINE.

ANNAPOLIS, EASTON, and PHILADELPHIA,

Water and Land STAGES,

Via CÆCIL COURT HOUSE & NEWCASTLE.

THE Subscribers, (Proprietors of the *Philadelphia* and *Baltimore New Line*) very respectfully inform the *inhabitants of this city* and its vicinity, they intend to establish a communication from this place direct to *Philadelphia*, for the conveyance of *freight* and *passengers*, to commence running the 29th instant, by the following route:—*A packet* will leave *Philadelphia* every *Monday* morning for Newcastle, on its arrival the stage immediately conveys the passengers to *Cæcil Court House*, where the packet waits their arrival, and proceeds direct for *Annapolis* and *Easton*, and touches at *Annapolis* on her return. The peculiar advantages of this tour, in point of expedition, will be obvious to every traveller going to the northward, it being certain this route can be performed in less time than by any other. The *proprietors* solicit the patronage of the public, assuring them every exertion shall be used to render this line pleasing, agreeable and expeditious. The variableness of the winds renders the day of the *packet's* return from *Easton* rather uncertain; but it is expected she will leave this place early every Sunday morning. *Passengers*, and *shippers* that have freight to forward, are requested to leave their names at the *Printers*, who will instruct the captain to wait upon them and inform the hour of departure.

JOHN CHAMBERS, *Cæcil Court House.*
HENRY DARLEY,
Wm. CLAY,
BOND and LEES, } *Newcastle.*

Passage to Cæcil Court-House,	7	6
to Newcastle in stage,	6	0
to Philadelphia in packet,	3	9
	17	3

Heavy freight, 2*s.* per cwt. from city to city. Light, in proportion to bulk.

Annapolis, August 19, 1791. 20

A Hat Manufactory.

TOOTELL & NORTON,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public, that they mean to open a HAT MANUFACTORY in South-East street, in this city, on or before the 1st of March, where it will be carried on, in an extensive manner, in all its various branches. Mr. NORTON, who has been foreman to Mr. John Gray, hatter, in Baltimore-town, (and has also worked in several of the first manufactories in London,) flatters himself, that he will give general satisfaction to those persons, who honour them with their custom.

Commissions from the country, will be gladly received, and punctually attended to.

N. B. Those persons having FUR's for sale, will always receive the best prices for them, cash in hand.

*** The public are respectfully informed, that they may be supplied with most excellent APPLES by the barrel, by applying at Mr. T. JOHNSON, junior's store, on the Dock. R. T.

Annapolis, December 15th, 1791. 10

In CHANCERY, January 25, 1792.

BENJAMIN BELT, sen. an insolvent debtor, lately in the custody of the sheriff of Prince-George's county, having, on his petition to the chancellor, been brought before the chancellor, and having taken the oath prescribed by the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, and the body of the said Benjamin Belt, sen. having, according to the said act, been discharged from imprisonment. It is thereupon by the chancellor adjudged and ordered, that the creditors of the said Belt appear before him in person, or by their agent or attornies, in the chancery office, on Monday the 26th day of March next, for the purpose of proposing to the said Belt any interrogatories, which they or any of them may think proper, and of recommending to the chancellor some person to be trustee of the property of the said Belt for the benefit of his creditors. Ordered further, that notice be given by the said Benjamin Belt, sen. to the said creditors to attend for the purposes aforesaid, by having a copy of this order inserted in the Maryland Gazette, and continued therein the three following weeks.

Test: SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

Annapolis, September 28, 1791.

ALL persons having claims against *Mr. William Sanders*, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased, are requested to make them known to the subscribers as speedily as possible, and those indebted are desired to make immediate payment, to

16 FREDERICK GREEN, } Executors.
WILLIAM W. DAVIS, }

LANDS FOR SALE.

PART of a tract of LAND called ROZIER's REFUGE, containing 501 acres, more or less; This land is very valuable for its situation and soil, it lays on Port-Tobacco creek, about two miles below the town of Port-Tobacco; as it lays on navigable water and near the river Patowmack, not far distant from the city WASHINGTON, any thing may be readily carried to or from this place, it is near to Nanjemoy on Patowmack river; this place must be the harbuor for the navy of the United States. On this tract is a large quantity of cleared low ground, very proper for meadow; also some marsh, the whole affords excellent pasturage, and is a fine place to raise stock of every kind: The improvements, a large and commodious dwelling house with two brick chimnies at each end of the house, a large kitchen with a good brick chimney, other necessary houses, and on this tract are two tenements with proper houses for tenants, and tobacco houses; it is at present under rent for 12,000 net crop tobacco. Another tract of LAND adjoining the former, called TOMSONTON, 170 acres, more or less; on this are two tenants at 2200 net crop tobacco. Part of another TRACT called WATHEN's ADVENTURE, containing 80 acres, more or less; this is under rent 800 net crop tobacco: The rents become due the 20th December, and will be the right of the subscriber. The sale to be on the first mentioned tract on the 15th day of February next, the terms one third of the purchase to be paid down, one third in six months from the day of sale, and the balance the first day of January, 1793, when possession will be given and the lands conveyed. These lands will be sold separately. The first mentioned tract may be divided to make two good plantations, this will be determined on the day of sale, as it may suit the purchasers. Bond and approved security will be required for two thirds of the purchase money, free from interest.

January 1, 1792. 8 THOMAS CONTEE.

To the PUBLIC.

GIVE us leave to make you a tender of the services of the house of R. A. CONTEE, and Co. merchants in LONDON.——For the accommodation of those who choose to favour us with their consignments of tobacco, we shall have one ship in Patowmack, one in Patuxent, and one in South river; a generous advance will be made to those who wish it; and our R. A. C. pledges his honour to those who please to favour them with their orders, that the strictest attention shall be paid to them.

R. A. CONTEE and Co.

Annapolis, February, 1792. 4

JOHN MUNROE,

Boot and Snoe-maker,

BEGS leave to inform his customers, and the public in general, that he has just received from London a large and excellent assortment of Spanish and Morocco LEATHER, among which is a variety of colours, equal in manufactory to any he has ever seen; he has also provided himself with materials to carry on his business in all its various branches; those ladies and gentlemen who please to favour him with their commands may be supplied with ladies sattin, stuff or leather shoes and slippers, gentlemens dress or plain shoes and boots, or any other article belonging to any branch of his business, all of which he will perform in the neatest and most fashionable manner with punctuality and dispatch. Feeling himself indebted to a generous public he returns his most sincere thanks for the encouragement he has already received, and flatters himself that his unremitted endeavours to give satisfaction will not fail to merit a continuance of their patronage. 4

Annapolis, Cornhill-street, January 26, 1792.

Five Pounds Reward.

A YOUNG MULATTO WOMAN left my plantation some weeks ago, and (as I am since informed) has been about Annapolis passing for one of the Butlers; her name is JEMIMA (commonly called MIMY); she is of the middle stature, of a streight and rather slender make, and has a pleasing countenance when in a good humour; she took with her, beside other cloathing not known, a calico habit and brown linen jacket and petticoat. Whoever secures her in any gaol, so that I may get her again, shall receive the above reward, from

G. R. BROWN.

Port-Tobacco, January 12, 1792. 5

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to present a petition to the next March court of Frederick county, for a commission to prove and perpetuate the bounds of the resurvey on a tract of land in said county, called BROTHER'S AGREEMENT, originally granted to EDWARD DIGGES and others, agreeably to the act of assembly, entitled, An act for marking and bounding lands.

4X BERNARD O'NEILL, Administrator de bonis non of EDWARD DIGGES.

Montgomery county, January 14, 1792.

January 10, 1792.

COMMITTED to my custody as runaways, a negro woman by the name of HENNY, and a mulatto boy, her son, by the name of DICK, but calls himself JESSE, who say they belong to RICHARD LANCASTER, Cobb Neck, in Charles county. Their master is desired to take them away and pay charges, to

3X HENRY HUNTT, Sheriff of Calvert county.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber forewarns all persons from hunting on any part of the plantation he has rented of Mrs. Rebecca Welsh, with either dog or gun, or passing through the said plantation in any manner, or hiring or harbouring any one of the negroes he rented with the plantation; any one offending after this notice will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law.

WILLIAM GLOVER

February 4, 1792. 3X

A PERIODICAL PUBLICATION TO BE ENTITLED THE

ANNUAL REGISTER

AND

POLITICAL REPOSITORY

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Will speedily be commenced, by the subscriber, in the city of Philadelphia.

This work will contain a history of the

PROCEEDINGS and DEBATES of CONGRESS,

From the beginning of the session which commenced in October 1791.

Secondly—STATE PAPERS.

Under this head will be comprised the REPORTS and statements of the executive officers of government, including those which have already been made, official correspondence with foreign powers, &c.

Thirdly—THE STATE OF THE UNION.

This important article will shew our situation with regard to foreign nations, by adverting to treaties whether concluded or pending, hostilities, and commercial intercourse. It will also give a comprehensive view of the internal system; to wit, population, the national defence, by militia, regular troops, armed vessels, and fortifications; national finance, as to loans, debts, revenue, bank, &c; national morals, as to prevailing virtues and vices; number and quality of crimes and punishments, bankruptcies, &c; general progress of arts and sciences; general laws and civil regulations, whether of the federal government or state legislatures; general manners and customs; and finally, the complexion of political sentiments, as it may be seen in public prints, proceedings of several governments, popular tranquillity, or discontent.

Fourthly—IMPROVEMENTS

In every profession, art, and science.

Fifthly—MEDICAL OBSERVATIONS

On the increase and decrease of diseases, &c.

Sixthly—NATURAL HISTORY,

Particularly that of America.

Seventhly—CHARACTERS.

Eighthly—MISCELLANEOUS ESSAYS,

Which may be thought worthy of being preserved from oblivion, on philosophical, historical, biographical, agricultural, mechanical, commercial, and other subjects, calculated to amuse the mind, or advance the best interests of society.

Ninthly—POETRY,—original and selected.

Tenthly—A REVIEW of BOOKS,

American only; to which will be added a list of new European publications, indicating such as may be deemed particularly valuable in this country.

Eleventhly—A CHRONICLE

Of the most interesting events of each year, selected from the various news-papers, and methodically arranged.

☞ TO the history of the proceedings and debates of congress, in the first volume of this work, will be prefixed the constitution of the United States of America, together with a sketch of the proceedings, and the names of the members, of the first congress assembled under the auspices of the constitution.

Each volume of the ANNUAL REGISTER AND POLITICAL REPOSITORY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA will contain at least 500 pages, octavo, and be printed on good paper, with a handsome type, equal to that, with which the Editor's edition of the Laws of the United States is printed. The price to subscribers will be one dollar and a half.

The plan of this work has been submitted to the consideration of some of the first characters in America, whose sentiments have determined the Editor with regard to the undertaking.—The first volume will be published in the spring of the year 1792.

In order to render this work as perfect as possible and truly honourable to the United States, communications, coinciding with the plan, as above given, and either handed to the Editor or transmitted to him by post, will be gratefully received. He with confidence expects this assistance from artists, men of learning, philosophers, and statesmen, as they must be impressed with adequate ideas of the extreme utility of this arduous undertaking.

Gentlemen, who may incline to patronise this publication, are requested to forward their names to Messieurs Thomas and Andrews, Boston; John Carter, Esquire, Providence; Messrs. Hudson and Goodwin, Hartford; Mr. Thomas Greenleaf, New-York; Messrs. Goddard and Angell, Baltimore; Augustine Davis, Esquire, Richmond; Mr. P. Young, Charleston, or to

3 ANDREW BROWN,

in the city of Philadelphia.

☞ Subscriber's names shall be prefixed to the work.

Philadelphia, December 1, 1791.

THE subscriber being seized of part of a tract of land, lying in Calvert county, called ARCHER'S HAYES, gives this public notice to all persons concerned, that he intends to apply to the next ensuing Calvert county court for a commission to mark and bound the same, agreeable to a late act of assembly.

4X GEORGE SMITH.

Maryland Insurance Fire Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the stockholders in the Maryland Insurance Fire Company will be held at Mr. Grant's tavern, in Baltimore-town, on the first Monday in March next, to choose nine directors and trustees for the said company, agreeably to their charter, a sufficient number of shares having been already subscribed to authorise this notice.

JOHN MERRYMAN,
GEORGE SALMON,
NICHOLAS ROGERS,
4 JAMES CALHOUN,
WILLIAM BUCHANAN, of George.

Baltimore, January 21, 1792.

COMMITTED to my custody as runaways, negro NEWTON, about twenty seven years old, and negro MINTA, about twenty-one years old; they say their master's name is VINCINT WILLIAMS, and lives on the South Branch of Virginia. Their master is desired to pay charges, and take them away; if they are not taken away by the first day of March, 1792, they will be sold in ten days thereafter, for fees of imprisonment, and other charges.

7 WILLIAM D. BEALL, Sheriff Prince-Georges county.

December 30, 1791.

Just published and to be sold by ANDREW BROWN, and the principal booksellers in the city of Philadelphia, price one dollar and three quarters, the

L A W S

OF THE

UNITED STATES

OF

A M E R I C A;

Collated with, and corrected by, the original rolls in the office of the secretary of state, agreeably to a resolve of congress, passed the 18th February, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one.

WITH A COPIOUS INDEX.

VOLUME I.

Comprising the Federal Constitution, the acts of the Three Sessions of the first Congress, and the Treaties.—To which is added,

AN APPENDIX,

Containing the Declaration of Independence, and sundry acts of Congress, under the Confederation.

This edition of the Laws of the United States is also to be sold by Messrs. Thomas and Andrews, Boston; John Carter, Esquire, Providence, Rhode-Island; Messrs. Hudson and Goodwin, Hartford; Mr. Thomas Greenleaf, Printer New-York, Mr. Isaac Collins, Trenton; Messrs. Goddard and Angell, Baltimore; Augustine Davis, Esquire, Richmond; and Mr. W. P. Young, Charleston, South Carolina.

☞ *The printers of News-papers in the United States are requested to insert this advertisement.* 2

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber last week, a likely negro man named AARON; he is about twenty-three years of age, five feet eight or nine inches high, well made and remarkably active; has a scar on one of his wrists, occasioned by a cut of a knife; had on, when he went away, a new fearnought jacket, a pair of striped country cloth overalls, white yarn stockings and coarse shoes; but as he took a variety of other cloaths with him, which I do not recollect (except a light blue broad cloth coat, with plated buttons,) will probably change his dress, and attempt to pass for a free man; he has a great propensity to strong drink, and when intoxicated is extremely quarelsome and impertinent. Whoever secures the said negro in any gaol, so that I get him again, shall receive TWENTY DOLLARS, or the above reward if brought home.

DAN. JENIFER, jan.

Port-Tobacco, January 4, 1792. 6

One Hundred Dollars Reward.

Port-Tobacco, August 20, 1791.

WHEREAS, on Saturday the 13th instant, between the hours of ten and eleven o'clock at night, as my negro man called BENJAMIN was going from this place to Haberdeventure, as soon as he reached the top of the hill, commonly called Theobald's Hill, (about half of a mile distant from this town) he was met and accosted by a white man who had on a dark cloth coat, and who rode a small black horse, some trifling conversation ensued, when this man rode up to Benjamin and gave him a violent stab in the breast with a knife, or some such weapon, of which he died on the Monday following.—I will pay the above reward of one hundred dollars to any person who will discover the perpetrator of this inhuman act, so that he be convicted thereof. 21 J. H. STONE.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.